

AUSTRIAN NOTE LEAVES LITTLE HOPE OF STILL AVERTING BREAK

Dual Monarchy in Reply To Message From United States Takes Her Stand Openly For "Unrestricted Submarine Warfare"

"ARMED NEUTRALITY" PLAN BOBS UP IN SENATE AGAIN

Introduced By Senator Lodge At Session Called By President To Consider Appointment Of Dr. Grayson As Medical Director

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, March 7.—With the practical certainty that the relations between this country and Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey will be severed over the persistence of the Central Powers in their stand on the submarine issue, the senate, which had been called by the President, to receive and act upon a number of appointments held up at the last session of the sixty-fourth congress, yesterday saw the "armed neutrality" measure reintroduced by Senator Lodge. It was this measure that precipitated the famous filibuster with which the last session closed Sunday afternoon.

The Vice-President, presiding, ruled against the bill on a point of order raised when Senator Lodge asked that the measure be sent to the foreign affairs committee of the upper house. The point was that, in as much as the senate was not in "regular session" such action was impossible.

The President sent to the senate yesterday afternoon the renomination of Dr. Cary T. Grayson to be one of the medical directors of the navy, with the rank of rear-admiral. It was this nomination, which last session, caused much unfavorable talk and the blocking of the vote on confirmation of that and other appointments.

"That Austria in general upholds the 'unrestricted naval warfare' of Germany is the substance of the reply made by Vienna to Washington, according to a Reuter's despatch to London.

The despatch says that Ambassador Penfield has been handed a reply to the note sent by the United States to Austria and requesting a clear statement of Austria's position on the "unrestricted warfare."

The Vienna reply declares that the neutrals are responsible for the losses they suffer in territory where warlike operations are taking place.

The note adds: "Whatever attitude the Washington cabinet may take on the individual questions raised here Austria-Hungary is essentially in accord with the American government's regard for protection of the neutrals and against endangering their lives."

Austria's note, declaring adherence to the general principles of "unrestricted" naval warfare holds out little hope that a break can be avoided, it was said in official circles.

It was considered early in the day yesterday that the probable course of the United States, tentatively at least would have been determined at a cabinet meeting, but the meeting was called off late in the afternoon. Ambassador Penfield is under instructions by the secretary of state to make preparations for a break. The break would probably be followed by one with Bulgaria and Turkey.

AUSTRIAN REPLY TO ANCONA NOTE READY

Memorandum Message Has Been Completed, London Hears

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
LONDON, March 6.—News has been received here that a memorandum note has been prepared by Vienna in reply to the latest United States note referring to the sinking of the Ancona by an Austrian submarine in the Mediterranean.

The memorandum says that Austria "strictly adhered to the assurance already given."

At the same time it calls attention to the fact that at the time of the incident it stated that Austria "reserved the right to bring up later questions and discussions of the difficult international questions arising in connection with submarine warfare."

BLANKET INDICTMENTS FOR "BOOSTERS" OF FOOD PRICES

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
NEW YORK, March 6.—The federal grand jury, investigating the high cost of food, today returned two blanket indictments. On the first there are named as defendants 108 corporations and fifty-five individuals, and on the second two corporations and sixteen individuals in the business of producing and selling coal.

IMPORTANT CASES FINALLY DECIDED

Supreme Court Hands Down Decisions On Tariff Law and White Slave Cases

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, March 6.—Many important decisions were handed down today by the Supreme Court of the United States, but the expected decision on the constitutionality of the Adamson eight-hour railroad act was not announced.

The clause in the tariff law granting five per cent discount in duties on imports brought to this country on American ships or ships of countries with "most favored nation" treaties with the United States, was annulled as unconstitutional, in one of the several decisions.

The Supreme Court refused to reopen or reconsider its decision in the celebrated Diggs-Caminetti "white slave" case. This case came up from California, where the two young men were convicted under the Mann "white slave" act of transporting two girls to Reno, and the court's original decision held that the Mann law covers immoral escapades where the commercial element is not involved. This decision is now affirmed. Caminetti had applied for a rehearing, but mandates putting into effect the conviction of Diggs, Caminetti and L. T. Hays, the Oklahoma man similarly found guilty, will now be issued.

Admitting the error of immigration officials in San Francisco in attempting to exclude Hindus who had landed from Manila, the department of justice dismisses its appeal to the supreme court. The department finds that it cannot exclude Hindus from the Philippines.

Both the Washington State and the New York State compulsory workingmen's compensation laws were sustained in other decisions by the Supreme Court.

WILL ASK PRESIDENT PARDON WHITE SLAYERS

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—President Wilson will be asked to pardon Drew Caminetti and Maury E. Diggs. A petition is in circulation to this effect, already signed with a thousand names.

SENTIMENT AGAINST FILIBUSTER GROWS

Colorado, Oklahoma and Kentucky Go On Record Against It

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, March 7.—The feeling against the filibuster which defeated the "armed neutrality" measure at the last session of congress is apparently growing stronger. A number of state legislatures, now in session have adopted resolutions bitterly attacking the action of the twelve senators under the leadership of Senator La Follette. Colorado yesterday went on official record as being opposed to the attitude of the senators in the filibuster and the legislature adopted a resolution which had been amended to make it more scathing than when first introduced. The Oklahoma legislature also adopted a resolution which denounced the action of the filibustering senators and the senate of the Kentucky legislature passed a resolution condemning the senators who prevented the vote on the "armed neutrality" measure.

TRANSPORT DIX IS FORCED TO GO BACK

PORT ANGELES, March 7.—The United States Army transport Dix bound from Seattle to Manila, via Honolulu, reports an accident three hundred and fifty miles southwest of Cape Flattery. She has five hundred horses and large quantities of supplies on board. It is understood that the accident was to her steering machinery for the steamer is making her way back to Seattle, which she left last Saturday, under her own steam.

FRIGHTFULNESS HOLDS UP BUT FEW VESSELS

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
NEW YORK, March 7.—Since the announcement of German frightfulness at sea fifty-three ships of different nationalities have declined to leave port, or have been detained at Halifax. No sinking was reported yesterday, and the Cunard liner Carmania arrived here. She was conveyed through the danger zone, together with nine other ships, and reports a quiet passage.

BIDS FOR AIRSHIPS ARE OPENED IN WASHINGTON

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, March 6.—Bids for eight or more non-rigid type dirigibles for coast and harbor work were opened today here. They disclose that offers of prices range from \$71,500 to \$47,000, with delivery in 120 days.

TWO TEUTON AGENTS GERMAN STEAMERS REMAIN AT DOCKS

Charged With Charting Coasts of Island—Caught By American Officers

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
HAVANA, March 7.—Two German secret agents have been arrested here, charged with charting the coasts of the island by American detectives, who are engaged in hunting down the members of the so-called "Iron Cross Society," which was organized in Mexico with the avowed object of doing what damage was possible to the United States. For the most part, members of the society are German Americans who are reservists in the German army but who have been prevented from going back to Germany by the British blockade of their fatherland.

The detectives are operating for the Royal Bank of Canada, which owns millions of dollars worth of sugar property in Cuba and which has formally asked the government for protection of its properties.

GERMAN ARRESTED ON PLOT CHARGES

Hindu Physician Also Locked Up As Party To Conspiracy Against Britain

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
NEW YORK, March 6.—Dr. C. Hanador Chakrabarty, a Hindu physician, and Doctor Sekanner, described as a German, were arrested today on charges of violating United States neutrality by conspiring to set a military expedition against a foreign country, which is on friendly relations with the United States.

The police say the two men have confessed to engaging in a plot at the direction of Wolf von Igel, a German, to invade India through China. Von Igel is now aboard the Danish steamer Frederik VIII, which is carrying Ambassador Bernstorff and his party back to Germany.

GERMAN AMERICAN BETRAYS COUNTRY

Guardsman Caught Sending Military Information To Officials In Berlin

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
MINNEAPOLIS, March 7.—Paul Scharfenberg, a member of Company L, First Minnesota Infantry, national guard, has been sentenced to five years in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, for selling military information to the German government. Scharfenberg was arrested yesterday by the British government and turned over to the United States authorities, who acted promptly.

A military court-martial made up of regular army officers was ordered and investigated the charges against the militiaman. Scharfenberg had written fully of the number of troops in his division, of their condition, equipment and morale. He was born in Germany, but had been a naturalized American citizen for years. His home is in St. Paul.

DENIES GERMANS ARE PLOTING IN COLOMBIA

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, March 7.—Julio Betancourt, minister for the United States of Colombia issued a statement yesterday denying reports that the German government has agents in his country conspiring against the peace of the United States. According to the reports Teutonic agents have been at work in an effort to align the Colombian government with the Mexican de facto government in the plot to invade this country.

ANOTHER PLOTTER HELD BY HOBOKEN OFFICIALS

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
HOBOKEN, New Jersey, March 6.—Another man was arrested by the police today on suspicion that he is implicated in the plan to blow up munitions factories, with Fritz Kolb, the German reservist from Mexico, who was arrested yesterday charged with conspiring against President Wilson's life as well as being guilty of munition plots. The identity of the man arrested today is closely guarded.

BEST MEDICINE MADE.

A better medicine can not be made than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It relieves the lungs, opens the secretions, aids expectoration and assists nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Besides, it contains no opiates and is perfectly safe to take. For sale by all dealers. Benson Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

Four Injured When Auto Smashes Into Trolley Car

In a collision last night between an automobile and a street car, Miss Florence Vollins and Mrs. H. D. Collins were badly cut about the arms, hands and face, and Jack Frazier, the chauffeur, received a scalp wound. Rolla Davis, a soldier who was being conveyed to the emergency hospital in the automobile, received a second shock which resulted in his being taken to the department hospital, Fort Shafter, unconscious. The accident occurred at the corner of Fort and Merchant Streets at half past ten o'clock.

The automobile, which is a 1917 Cadillac, was completely wrecked and the street car had its rear fender and a running-board demolished.

It was one of the worst smash-ups that has taken place in Honolulu for a long time, and it was little short of a miracle that one or more of the occupants of the automobile were not killed or fatally injured.

Frazier was coming in from Waikiki with the two women and a man named G. W. Young in his car. Near Vida Villa, a soldier, Rolla Davis, Company H, Second Infantry, had fallen from a street car and was lying unconscious on the sidewalk. Frazier stopped to see what was the matter and along came Deputy Sheriff Ashe and asked Frazier if he would put the injured soldier in his car and rush him to the emergency hospital. Frazier consented and went into town at a very fast clip, sounding his horn all the way.

The two women sat beside the chauffeur, and the soldier was placed on the rear seat and held still by Young, the other passenger.

Approaching Fort Street along Merchant Street, and traveling at a rate of about fifty miles an hour, and still blowing his horn, Frazier's car crashed into street car No. 2, bound for the waterfront. The car's motorman is J. Thomas and the conductor is Ed McDeiros.

The motorman evidently failed to hear the horn of the auto, for he did not stop at the crossing. Frazier applied his brakes about seventy-five feet on the Waikiki side of Fort Street, and the car skidded that distance, striking the rear fender of the street car and tearing it off, and then striking round and striking the car near the motorman's end, smashing the heavy timbered running board like kindling.

The engine of the auto was shoved clear back into the front seat and the front wheels were wrecked. Every piece of glass in the car was broken. Immediately after the collision took place Frazier remained still for a short time and it was at first feared that he had been killed. A jolt in the stomach had winded him. Both women were in a state of semi-consciousness and covered with blood, and the injured soldier lay on the floor of the rear part of the machine, with his legs sticking up, and groaning.

The blowing of the auto's horn and the sound of the crash could be heard for a considerable distance and a crowd soon gathered. The women were conveyed to the emergency hospital where they remained at midnight. Young was uninjured and Frazier's scalp wound was of a very slight nature.

Frazier has driven in this city for a number of years and has the reputation of being a careful chauffeur. The car was his own property and was only purchased a short time ago.

Miss Florence Vollins resides at the Palisades, on Beretania Street. Mrs. H. D. Collins resides at 1875 South King Street. G. W. Young is said to be a member of the crew of the submarine K-8.

Shortly after the accident Yaw Char of the City Photo Company appeared with a camera for the purpose of taking a flashlight picture of the wreck. The crowd did not take kindly to this and for a time it looked as if the photographer would be mobbed. Just as the flash was made J. B. Davis held his hat in front of the camera and spoiled the picture. He was arrested on the spot and booked for investigation. It is thought that he is mentally deranged.

Germans Retreating On the West Losing More Ground On Ancre

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
NEW YORK, March 7.—North and south of the river Ancre the British yesterday continued their steady advance of the last few days, despite heavy counter attacking by the German forces. The German lines are increasing their resistance in that sector steadily, but the strokes of the British are driving them backward despite all they appear able to do.

On the Verdun front there was much heavy artillery work by both sides, and desperate attempts on the part of the

Germans under the Crown Prince to retake trenches which the French had wrested from them. The attacks broke down under the French barrage fire, which is reported as having been tremendous.

The Russian forces in the Persian front are reported as having been successful in a series of attacks upon the Turks, and the Russian general staff last night announced the capture of two villages from the Ottoman armies, and added that the Turks are fleeing in the vicinity of Bijar, where there has been heavy fighting of late.

BRITAIN WINS APPAM CASE German Contention Denied By Court

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, March 6.—Upholding United States District Judge Edmund Waddill of Norfolk, Virginia, the Supreme Court of the United States today declared that British interests are the rightful owners of the prize ship Appam and Britain thus wins out as against Germany in a noted matter of war and litigation.

The British steamer Appam was sailed into Norfolk on February 1, 1916, having been captured by a German raiding cruiser off the Canary Islands and taken across the Atlantic by a German prize crew.

The British owners brought suit, claiming that Germany had no valid claim to the vessel after it was brought to a neutral port. Judge Waddill held that Germany lost the legal claim to the ship when Lieutenant Berg, the German naval officer who commanded the prize crew, brought the vessel into neutral waters with the intention of "laying up" indefinitely. The decision also held that the Prussian-American treaty of 1828, cited by Germany to prove a valid claim, does not apply as guaranteeing a prize crew, and that a prize ship can not legally be brought to neutral waters unconvoyed.

Following the decision in the lower court, the case was taken to the supreme tribunal.

big vessel like the Appam were to be sunk in the channel, it would probably block the harbor for months to come—incidentally leaving the cruiser St. Louis shut up inside and barring all traffic from entrance or egress.

Among those who called on Governor Pinkham in connection with the matter of the German steamers were Captain Clark, commandant of the Pearl Harbor naval station, and Brigadier-General Strong, commander of the Hawaiian department.

Wakenfield Defeated

Not all of the harbor commissioners are content to muffle their transactions in secrecy. It is understood that Commissioner James Wakenfield, considered the steadiest and most hard-headed member of the board, made a fight yesterday for general publicity, holding that the public had a right to know what its servants were doing. But he lost out.

Monday afternoon, following the secret session of the harbor board, at which was adopted the resolution directing the harbormaster to remove the German vessels, Stainback stated flatly to "The Advertiser" that the board had the right to do direct. The board adopted its resolution on the verbal statement of Deputy Attorney-General Arthur Smith that it was within its rights. But after the resolution had been adopted, Smith apparently "got cold feet," for it is reliably stated that he advised the board not to put the resolution into effect until it has been passed upon by Stainback.

Told To Go Ahead

Commissioner McCarthy stated Monday afternoon that the board was waiting to hear from Stainback before taking action. The Advertiser didn't wait. It called up Mr. Stainback and asked him pointblank if the harbor board had the right to order the German ships out of the harbor.

"Why, I told those fellows long ago that they had that right," replied the attorney general. "I can't see what they're referring that resolution to me for. But I'll write them a letter right away telling them they're within their rights and can go ahead."

MAYOR GILL ON TRIAL CHARGED WITH PLOTTING TO EVADE LAW

Liquor Graft Cases Begin With the Pleading Guilty of All the Accused Except Gill and the Chief of Police Beekingham

SEATTLE EXECUTIVE ACCUSED OF HAVING ACCEPTED BRIBES

Evidence Against Accused Men Tended To Show Plot To Ship Large Quantities of Liquor Into the Dry State of Washington

(Associated Press By Federal Wireles.)
SEATTLE, March 7.—The trial of Mayor Gill and a number of other officials and citizens, including Chief of Police Beekingham, began here yesterday on a conspiracy charge. All of the others, with the exception of the chief of police, have pleaded guilty to the charges.

Mayor Hiram C. Gill, Chief of Police Charles L. Beekingham, former Sheriff Robert T. Dodge, City Detectives Meyer M. Peyer, John Poolman, James Doom and Dan J. McLennan; Edward P. Weidman, assistant freight shed foreman of the Oregon-Washington Railroad and Navigation Company; Logan Billingsley, Fred Billingsley, W. H. Pielow and William Frazier, officers of transfer companies, and Edward P. Baker, manager of the Jesse Moore Hunt Company, liquor dealers of San Francisco, were indicted by a federal grand jury here, January 27, on a conspiracy charge.

There are three counts in the indictment against each defendant, two counts charging conspiracy to violate section 238 of the United States Penal Code, and the other with plotting to violate the interstate commerce law.

Gill, Beekingham and Dodge are alleged in the indictments to have conspired with the Billingsleys to ship large quantities of alcoholic liquor into Seattle in violation of the federal laws. They are also accused of providing the Billingsleys and their employees with official and police protection for their liquor shipments and with accepting large sums of money from the Billingsleys in payment for this alleged protection.

It was alleged, in evidence submitted to the grand jury, that Mayor Gill accepted a bribe of \$4000 from the Billingsleys last August; that Beekingham accepted bribes of \$1100, and that Dodge, through his collector, received \$1500 from the Billingsleys, Logan and Fred Billingsley, brothers; Pielow and Frazier were indicted last December for alleged conspiracy to violate the federal liquor laws, and after pleading guilty were not sentenced, but were used as witnesses against Gill and others.

As soon as the indictments were announced State and local prohibition leaders volunteered to go to Mayor Gill's bail bond, and offered money to assist in the defense. Wilmon Tucker, president of the State Bar Association, and the King County Bar Association, was engaged to defend Gill, and former Supreme Justice Frederick Rausman offered his services without charge as assistant counsel. Gill issued a statement saying that he had been assailed and indicted because he had enforced the prohibition law rigorously and had incurred ill-will of wholesale liquor dealers in the other States. He interposed no demurrer, but asked for a speedy trial, which was granted.

Gill acquired national celebrity being recalled from the office of mayor of Seattle in 1911 for alleged toleration of vice, and by being elected mayor by enormous majorities in 1914 and 1916. Robert T. Dodge, indicted with Gill was Progressive candidate for governor in 1912, and was defeated.

He sought the Republican nomination for governor last fall, and was beaten in the primary. The Billingsleys, the principal witnesses against Gill, Beekingham and Dodge, were formerly residents of West Virginia and Oklahoma.

United States District Judge Jeremiah Neterer is presiding at the trial. The United States government is represented by Special Prosecutor Clarence L. Remnes, district attorney at Portland, Ore., and Clay Allen, district attorney at Seattle.

BODY OF JAPANESE FOUND ON ROUND TOP

Yesterday morning a convict gang working on Round Top discovered near their camp the body of a middle-aged Japanese man, who had evidently committed suicide by poisoning. By the side of the deceased was a partially consumed bottle of ant poison.

Deputy Sheriff Asch went to the spot and the body was taken to the morgue. The dead man is believed to be Etsuo, who was reported as missing to the police on Monday afternoon, and who left a note among his belongings in which he stated that he was going to kill himself.

AN IMPROVED QUININE DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEAD

Because of its tonic and laxative effect LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will be found better than ordinary Quinine. Does not cause nervousness, nor ringing in the head. Keenly, there is only one "Bromo Quinine" the signature of K. W. Grove is on each bottle.